

$$e) 1 + \sin x + \sin^2 x + \sin^3 x + \dots = \frac{4}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 x} (1 - \sin x + \sin^2 x - \sin^3 x + \dots);$$

$$f) 1 + \cos x + \cos^2 x + \cos^3 x + \dots = \frac{4}{1 + \operatorname{ctg}^2 x} (1 - \cos x + \cos^2 x - \cos^3 x + \dots);$$

$$g) \cos x + \cos^3 x + \cos^5 x + \dots = \frac{1}{\sin x};$$

$$h) \sin x + \sin^3 x + \sin^5 x + \dots = \frac{1}{\cos x};$$

$$i) \sin x + \sin^3 x + \sin^5 x + \dots = \operatorname{tg}^2 x;$$

$$j) \cos x + \cos^3 x + \cos^5 x + \dots = \operatorname{ctg}^2 x.$$

1

$$S = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - a^{n+1}}{1 - a} \cdot a_1$$

☆ 4.14. Rozwiąż równania:

$$a) \frac{1 - \sin x + \dots + (-1)^n \sin^n x + \dots}{1 + \sin x + \dots + \sin^n x + \dots} = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{1 + \cos 2x};$$

$$b) \frac{1 - \cos 2x + \dots + (-1)^n \cos^n 2x + \dots}{1 + \cos 2x + \dots + \cos^n 2x + \dots} = \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{tg}^4 x;$$

$$c) \frac{1 - \operatorname{tg} x + \dots + (-1)^n \operatorname{tg}^n x + \dots}{1 + \operatorname{tg} x + \dots + (-1)^n \sin^n x + \dots} = 1 + \sin 2x;$$

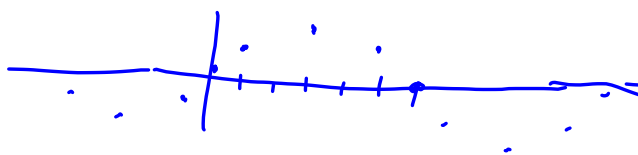
$$d) \frac{1 + \sin x + \dots + \sin^n x + \dots}{1 - \sin x + \dots + (-1)^n \sin^n x + \dots} = \frac{4}{1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 x};$$

$$e) \operatorname{tg}^2 x + \operatorname{tg} x = \sin 2x (1 + \sin^2 x + \sin^4 x + \dots).$$

$$a) \frac{1 - \sin x + \dots + (-1)^n \sin^n x + \dots}{1 + \sin x + \dots + \sin^n x + \dots} = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{1 + \cos 2x}$$

$$\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$$

$$c) \frac{1 - \operatorname{tg} x + \dots + (-1)^n \operatorname{tg}^n x + \dots}{1 + \operatorname{tg} x + \dots + (-1)^n \sin^n x + \dots} = 1 + \sin 2x;$$



$$d) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{2x^2 - x}{x+1} - ax - b \right) = 0?$$

$\downarrow$
 $\infty \mp \infty$

$a, b = ?$

$$\frac{(2x^2 - ax^2 - x - ax - bx - b)}{x+1} = 0$$

$$x^2(2-a) - x(1+a+b)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\rightarrow 3}{x+1}$$

$$\frac{x^2(2-a) - x(1+a+b) - b}{x+1}$$

$$c) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} + ax - b) = 0;$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 2 \\ b &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} + ax - b) = 0; \quad \text{w: } a < 0$$

$$x^2 + x + 1 - (ax - b)^2$$

$$x^2 + x + 1 - a^2 x^2 + 2abx - b^2$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} - x - \frac{1}{2}}{1}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1} + x + \frac{1}{2}} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{\infty} \right)$$

$$*h) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sin \sqrt{x+1} - \sin \sqrt{x}).$$

$$\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \sin 2x}{x - \sin 5x},$$

$$x \rightarrow \infty$$

$$\frac{\sin \frac{1}{n}}{\frac{1}{n}} = 1$$

$$k) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{x} + \sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{2x+1}},$$

$$\text{b) } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 2} - \sqrt[3]{x^3 + 1}}{\sqrt[4]{x^4 + 8}};$$

$$\text{d) } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 4} + \sqrt[4]{16x^4 + 1}}{\sqrt[5]{x^5 + 2}};$$

7.6. Oblicz:

$$\text{a) } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{5}{6} + \frac{13}{36} + \dots + \frac{2^n + 3^n}{6^n} \right);$$

$$\text{b) } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{7}{10} + \frac{29}{10^2} + \dots + \frac{5^n + 2^n}{10^n} \right);$$

$$\text{c) } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{7}{12} + \frac{25}{12^2} + \dots + \frac{3^n + 4^n}{12^n} \right).$$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2} - \sqrt[3]{x^3+1}}{\sqrt[4]{x^4+8}},$$

$$d) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2+4} + \sqrt[4]{16x^4+1}}{\sqrt[5]{x^5+2}},$$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2+1} + ax - b) = 0$ $\cancel{x} \rightarrow 0$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cancel{x^2+1} - \cancel{a^2x^2} - 1/4 + 2axb}{\sqrt{x^2+1} - ax + b} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$= 2$

